Maguey (*Agave spp.*) silage production with either alfalfa or mesquite pod meal as protein sources

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1 ABSTRACT

Maguey (*Agave spp.*) contains high sugar (242 g/kg) content and low pH (4.9), which makes it an ideal plant for silage making. However, its low protein (4.5 %) content limits its use in ruminant nutrition. The aim of the present study was to evaluate maguey silage produced with either alfalfa (A) or mesquite pods meal (MPM) as protein sources. Four different silage mixtures were produced as i) 100% maguey (M); ii) 90% M + 10% MPM (MM); iii) 50% M + 50% A (MA); and iv) 33.3% M + 33.3% A + 33.3% MPM (MAM). The MAM silage had the highest (p<0.05) dry matter content. The lowest (p<0.05) pH was for MAM and the highest value for MA silage. The M silage had the lowest (p<0.05) crude protein content. The M and MA silage, had the highest (p<0.05) NDF content than the other silages. The N-NH₃ content was higher (p<0.05) in MA, but had the lowest acetic acid concentration. Soluble fraction *in vitro* degradation for MAM silage was higher (p<0.05) than the other silages, similar results were presented for total degradation with the lowest value for M and MM silages. Combination of maguey with forages rich in protein improved silage nutritional quality and preservation was maintained.