

# Species composition of fruit flies from mango orchards in three ecological zones in Ghana

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## ABSTRACT

### Objective

This study was carried out to assess the range of fruit fly species from mango orchards in three agro-ecological zones in Ghana (Coastal Savanna (CS), the Transitional (TT) and Guinea Savanna (GS) zones) where mango is commercially grown.

### Methodology and results

A trapping exercise was undertaken for two successive fruiting seasons in 2009 and 2010, using traps baited with three different attractants (Methyl eugenol (ME), Terpinyl

acetate (TA) and Trimedlure (TML). A total of 39, 011 fruit flies were collected during the period, with 9,398 (24.1%) and 29,613 (75.9%) flies collected during the 2009 and 2010 seasons, respectively. Five fly species (in two genera), *Bactrocera invadens*, *B. cucurbitae*, *Ceratitidis cosyra*, *C. ditissima* and *C. capitata* were identified. The highest relative fly densities (number of flies per trap per day, F/T/D) ranged from 1.86-31.40 and 16.25-121.39 for the 2009 and 2010 seasons, respectively. The most abundant flies in all six localities of the three zones were *B. invadens*, followed by *C. cosyra* and *C. capitata*. Even though all three zones had three species in common, the proportions varied.

### **Application of findings**

These findings have applications in formulating management strategies to mitigate the fruit fly menace in Ghana.

### **Key words**

Species range, agro-ecological zones, fruit flies, attractants, relative fly density, Ghana